Appendix 歯科医師国家試験 既出英語問題

1) #	目み合	みせで誤っているのはどれな	ハ.1つ選べ.
а	切	歯 ——— incisor	
b	犬	歯 ——— canine	
с	小臼	歯 ——— premolar	
d	智	歯 ——— impacted tooth	
e	乳	歯 ——— deciduous tooth	1
			(103回A-27)

② 英語で診断を意味するのはどれか. 1つ選べ.

- a analysis
- b diagnosis
- c treatment
- d examination
- e consultation

③ Gingivitis is () caused by dental plaque. ()に入るのはどれか.1つ選べ.

- a aging
- b tumor
- c trauma
- d malnutrition
- e inflammation

(105回A-10)

(104回C-34)

④ Recent studies have shown that () may be one of the most significant risk factors in the development and progression of periodontal disease.

- ()に入るのはどれか.1つ選べ.
- a smoking
- b hypertension

c sugar intake

d heart disease

e lack of exercise

(106回A-6)

⑤ WHO の「健康」を定義する文章を示す. "Health is a state of complete physical, () and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.

()に入るのはどれか. 1つ選べ.

- a dental
- b mental
- c medical
- d chemical
- e biological

(107回C-1)

⑥ The goal of () is to explain the physical and chemical factors that are responsible for the origin, development, and progression of life.
 () に入るのはどれか、1つ選べ.

- a pedodontics
- b periodontology
- c physiology d prosthodontics
- e psychology

(108回A-1)

 $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathcal{O}}}$ A porcelain veneer is bonded to the (\hfill) surface of an anterior tooth to solve esthetic problems.

()に入るのはどれか. 1つ選べ.

- a distal
- b labial
- c lingual
- d mesial
- e occlusal

(109回A-1)

Appendix Glossary of Dental Terms for CMED

Α

Abrasion	The wearing out of tooth surfaces caused by mechanical force or pressure like excessive brushing of teeth. [related terms: attrition, erosion]	
Abscess	A localized inflammation due to a collection of pus in the bone or soft tissue and is usually caused by an infection.	
Abutment	A natural, stable, and healthy tooth used to support a prosthesis or denture.	
Acrylic resin	A resinous material of various esters of acrylic acid that is used as denture base materials, dental restorations, and dental trays.	
Acute	An illness or condition that develops quickly, is intense or severe and lasts a relatively short period of time. [related term: chronic]	
Allergy	A condition in which exposure to a substance, such as pollen, latex, animal dander, or a particular food or drug, causes an overreaction by the immune system that results in symptoms such as sneezing, itching, rash, and difficulty breathing or swallowing.	
Amalgam	A dental filling material, composed of mercury and other minerals, used to fill decayed teeth.	
Analgesic	An agent or drug to lessen or relieve pain sensation without causing loss of consciousness. [related terms: painkiller, pain reliever]	
Anesthesia	A loss of sensation with or without loss of consciousness.	
Anesthetic	A class of drugs that eliminates or reduces pain especially during surgery.	
Anterior (dental)	Refers to the incisor and canine teeth, tissues, and surfaces located towards the front of the mouth. [related term: posterior]	
Appliance	A device used in dentistry to repair teeth or replace missing teeth and provide a functional or therapeutic effect.	
Artery	A type of blood vessel that carries blood high in oxygen content away from the heart to the farthest reaches of the body. [related term: vein]	
Attrition	The wearing out of tooth surfaces caused by excessive tooth-to-tooth contact caused by grinding, clenching, or developmental defects. It also occurs as a physiological process due to aging. [related terms: abrasion, erosion]	